

TO PROBE LORIMER'S ANDAL

STATE'S ATTORNEY TAKES UP VOTE BUYING CHARGES.

Senator Denies All the Allegations Against Him, as Does Representative Wilson—Gov. Denies May Call Legislature to Make a Full Investigation.

CHICAGO, April 30.—Investigation of the biggest legislative bribery scandal in the history of Illinois, which threatens far reaching political complications, whether it brings indictments or not, was begun to-day by State Attorney Wayman.

Representative Charles A. White, who charges that he got \$1,000 from Lee O'Neil Browne to vote for William Lorimer for United States Senator, was summoned before the State Attorney.

Representative Jacob Groves of Adams county added weight to the charges. In an interview in Quincy he was quoted as saying that money was offered to him to vote for Lorimer and that he had heard of members getting \$5,000 for their votes.

It was said that additional evidence was in Mr. Wayman's hands, including an allegation that it cost \$200,000 to elect Lorimer to the Senate, of which the ring-leaders got \$50,000, and individuals members of the Legislature the remainder.

From Sangamon county came news that State Attorney Burke of Springfield had announced that he would investigate White's charges. If he believed that they could be proved he would summon White and Browne before a Sangamon county Grand Jury to answer the charge that \$1,000 bribe money was passed in that county.

Senator Lorimer at his home at Pleasant Bay made a statement denying every word of White's confession which was printed in the Tribune. He declared that politics was back of the charges and that there was no foundation for them.

Browne, who arrived in the city early from Ottawa, made a statement declaring that White was a blackmailer who had written him several threatening letters.

In a long story of his relations with White Browne declared the accuser's "confession" was a tissue of falsehoods cleverly put together but utterly unworthy of credence.

Gov. Denen, who had been in Chicago for several days, returned to Springfield this morning, refusing to discuss the case beyond saying the charges are serious and demand a thorough investigation. Nevertheless it is believed that if the developments of the next few days tend to support the charges the Governor will call the Legislature in special session to make an investigation or he will bring the matter officially to the attention of Senator Dunnington, chairman of the Committee on Elections in the United States Senate.

Senator Lorimer when seen at his country home at Pleasant Bay, McHenry county, denounced the charges made against him by Representative White and called all of his statements "falsehoods."

"I do not understand it, nor can I at present analyze the political or other motives back of it," said the Senator. "I am quite sure nobody gave me any money to anybody to vote for me—no, not even to White. It is true that I know White. I met him often in Springfield, but never did I have a conference with him."

"When my name became prominent as a candidate for the United States Senate about ten days before the Legislature adjourned White came to me and declared that he thought I had a good chance to win. That is all the conversation I ever had with that man. There never was any talk of giving any money to anybody either by myself or friends, during the entire Senatorial fight."

"I am positive that neither Representative Roberts E. Wilson, Lee O'Neil Browne nor any one else gave me any money to White or anybody else to have me win in the fight for the Senatorship."

"The story told by Representative White is a fabrication from start to finish. I have not had time to read the charges carefully, but I am positive that every one accused by the Representative will be able to vindicate himself."

"No money was ever given by me, nor did I ever instruct any of my friends to give any money to anybody."

Some confidential evidence was found to-day of a part of the White charges which had no bearing on the Senatorship. He is quoted as having said he got \$200 as his share of the ill gotten loot of a corrupt outfit of legislators, and that this money was given to him at the Southern Hotel in St. Louis on July 15, 1908, by Representative Robert E. Wilson, Democrat of Chicago. An investigation of the register of the Southern Hotel, according to a despatch, shows that Wilson was registered there on that date.

"I barely know White by sight; I never sent him a telegram to meet me in St. Louis, and I never gave him \$200 or any part of it," was the emphatic denial made by Mr. Wilson to-day. "I was in St. Louis at the time White mentions, but I had no dealings with him."

"There is absolutely no truth in the charges so far as they affect me, and that will be made clear to everybody within a few days. White is a tool of the interests who have been attacking Senator Lorimer, and he will be shown up before long."

Grand Jury investigations in Cook and Sangamon counties will follow. The charges say find their way to the United States Senate, where William Lorimer may have to defend an attack on his right to his seat.

White White declares that he was paid for his Lorimer vote through an intermediary, he quotes Representative Charles Lusk, deceased, as saying: "I made my deal with Lorimer direct."

Late to-night Senator Lorimer issued the following statement in reply to White:

The White statement is absolutely false from start to finish. It is a lie on the face of it.

What is the matter with White is beyond me. What is the matter with the people behind him—the Chicago Tribune—is easier to tell. They are trying, by deliberate lying, to wreck the financial institutions which I am known to be starting. It is an old game with these people.

For twenty years the Tribune has imagined that it could ruin me, not only personally and politically, but in every enterprise with which I am connected.

MEAT PACKERS INDICTED.

Federal Grand Jury Alleges Restraint of Trade to Wipe Out Savannah Competition.

SAVANNAH, April 30.—The United States Court Grand Jury to-day returned a true bill against Cuddeback & Co., the Schwarzschild & Sulzberger Meat Company, Swift & Co., Armour Packing Company and the Nelson Morris Company, as corporations, and Emmet H. Adams, local manager for Swift; William D. Cooper, local manager for Armour; and Fred M. Hull, Jr., local manager for Nelson Morris & Co., as individual defendants.

The indictments are brought under the act of Congress entitled "An act to protect trade and commerce against unlawful restraints and monopolies."

It is alleged that the packing houses in 1898 bought and slaughtered live stock at various points in the West and North, shipped fresh meats to Savannah, reduced the price of meats and sold them on the market at a loss so as to compel the South Atlantic Packing and Provision Company of Savannah to sell its product at a loss, the intent being to force the local house out of the field.

The second count alleges that between June 10 and August 1, 1907, the defendants effected a combination whereby they fixed arbitrarily non-competitive and exorbitant prices for meats, thus eliminating that competition which should naturally exist among them.

VETERAN FIRE HORSES.

Women Suggest That the City Use Them Rather Than Sell Them.

Mrs. James Speyer and a number of other women who are taking an interest in the welfare of old fire horses have had a conference with Fire Commissioner Waldo about them. The story of Alameda, an old fire horse that was put up at public auction several weeks ago, showed that when horses had outgrown their usefulness in the department they were got rid of like so much old junk. The average length of fire service for a horse is about six years and the horses are bought when about a year old. They are still capable of some kind of work after they have fallen below the standard demanded in the fire service. They are usually sold at auction for between \$25 and \$75 and are put to work by peddlers or in ice rangers and do not always have the best of treatment.

Mrs. Speyer and the other women thought that this was not showing a proper appreciation of the services of the horses. They suggested that the Fire Department turn the old fellows over to the city and that the city authorities find suitable work for them in other departments. It was suggested that some horses could always be found on Blackwell's Island, Hart's Island, at Otisville and at other places that might be selected with a little trouble.

The Commissioner thought it was a good idea and he told the women that he would lay it before Mayor Gaynor.

French Chamber of Deputies Votes Confidence by 285 to 17.

HYDRAULIC CRANES BENTS MULE.

Hotted Baking Boat Hoisted Into the Air and Aboard Ship.

A big brown Kentucky mule delayed the sailing of the Royal Mail liner Astrak yesterday by refusing to go aboard his eleven of his kind that made no objection to being hoisted in a big box from the pier into the hold of the ship. The brown mule kicked the box to pieces before the building which got to work. Then a dozen longshoremen tackled the mule, keeping out of the way of its heels, and made a vain effort to shove and pull it up a freight gangplank. A cattle gangway was brought from another pier and a decoy mule was led up in the hope that the brown jenny would follow. It wouldn't.

Then it was hissed and ropes were put around its snappings, forward and aft. The hydraulic crane was started and the mule braced itself. It found that hydraulic cranes are several times stronger than the strongest Kentucky mules. It went up in the air like a shot, kicking wildly, and was lowered into the hold with the other mules. The passengers who had witnessed the struggle of the mule with the crane and the longshoremen, and the sight of the mule being hoisted into the hold, had been one hour making its protest.

ALBANIAN REVOLT SPREADS.

ALL Sorts of Christians Combine Against the Turks—Have Machine Guns.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 30.—The Albanian revolt appears to be spreading. The Roman Catholic Albanians have now joined the Greek Catholics and Mohammedan insurgents and the situation is so serious that Haki Bey, the Grand Vizier, has appealed to the Pope to intervene.

The Albanians have all sorts of religions. Some of them are Moslems by compulsion, others are Greek Catholics and others still are Roman Catholics, made so through the efforts of Austrian and Italian missionaries. They are recognized as the fiercest fighters in the Turkish army and many of them were with the Young Turks when they captured Constantinople. The insurgents possess a number of quick firing guns and they are using them to good advantage. The insurrection now embraces all of North Albania.

Several of the Albanian leaders were formerly members of Abdul Hamid's bodyguard. The old Sultan is now in retirement or confinement at a villa in Salonica and it is figured out that he is trying to make trouble for the new Government.

REJECTS MAYOR'S APPOINTEES.

Boston Civil Service Commission Turns Down Four of Eight.

BOSTON, April 30.—The Civil Service Commission sent down to-day its disapproval of four of the eight nominations of Mayor Fitzgerald upon which the thirty days limit expired this afternoon.

The four rejected are John B. Martin, for Penal Institution Commissioner; William J. Welch, for Water Commissioner; Thomas F. Campbell, for Fire Commissioner; and John T. Scully, for Superintendent of Supplies.

Mayor Fitzgerald was greatly disappointed. He said that it did not seem possible that the Civil Service Commission could conscientiously make such a decision, and the only way he could explain it was by attributing to the commission the "playing of politics."

"Yes, it is Republican politics and nothing else," said the Mayor. "It is the State House coming into city affairs and trying to make political capital. You can explain this decision in no other way, and I feel confident that all fair minded people of Boston and the entire State of Massachusetts will look at it in that light."

"Where can I find better reasons qualified for these positions than the men I named? Not a single word against their integrity or ability has ever been raised to my knowledge. I do not know where to turn for men. It will be almost impossible to get reliable men to stand for city positions if they are to be turned down without the slightest word of explanation."

STRIKES IN BIG BAKERIES.

Strikes against bakeries which have for years been run on the open shop plan were ordered yesterday by the Journeymen Bakers and Confectioners International Union. The strikes, involving 4,000 men, affect among others the big bakery of the Fleischmann company at Eighty-first street and East End avenue, several of the shops of the Cushman Baking Company and about five other places, and is for a nine hour workday and an advance of \$1 a week in wages, but the demand is for a union agreement. Most of the strikers are Germans and Bohemians.

Taft's Trust in Gov. Hughes

WILLING TO HAVE HIM PASS ON THE INCOME TAX.

Says as a Judge He Will Pass on the Matter Conscientiously "as God Gives Him to See the Right"—The President Says a Kindly Word for Ballinger.

BUFFALO, April 30.—President Taft and Secretary of State P. C. Knox were guests of honor at the joint banquet of the Chamber of Commerce and Manufacturers Club to-night. Mr. Taft talked about our relations with Canada and said nice things about Gov. Hughes and about Buffalo.

President Taft did not rise to speak until 10:10 o'clock. He was scheduled to leave for Pittsburgh at 11 o'clock and had to wait for Mr. Knox to deliver his speech after he had finished, so that his speech was brief. Mr. Taft said he was always glad to be put off at Buffalo. He congratulated the city on the union of the two commercial organizations. Referring to waterways he said that he believed the large canal will be completed in 1915, about the time of the completion of the Panama Canal.

From waterways the President turned to dryer subjects. He hoped the diners wouldn't misunderstand what conversation meant. Mr. Taft expressed a hope that men like Secretary Ballinger, who have to carry on the work of conservation, be not prejudiced by the country even if misrepresented. The recent solution of the threatened tariff war with Canada, the President declared, was a matter of congratulation to Buffalo and the country.

"We shall ask them to come to us in bonds of commercial union," he said, "and we shall benefit both countries."

"A great justice of the Supreme Court," Mr. Taft called Gov. Hughes. He said that in anxiety for political well being Buffaloans rather resented the fact that the Governor had been taken from politics for the benefit of the nation.

"But," he added, "I am sure that you and the nation must be glad that he has been added to the greatest court in the land."

The President said he regarded Gov. Hughes as a great addition to that court and said that although the Governor had declared against the income tax he would be entirely willing to submit; the constitutionality of that tax to Gov. Hughes when he goes on that bench.

"He is a man without fear or favor and you all know it," The President said in conclusion.

"If your Legislature passes the income tax, as I hope it will, and it is adopted, I shall not be afraid to submit it to Mr. Justice Hughes, and we will feel assured that he will consider it judicially without reference to any previous expression as God gives him to see the right."

Secretary Knox spoke about our diplomatic service and indirectly paid his compliments to those who have attacked the "Dollar Diplomacy." Mr. Knox said in part:

"I have spoken more particularly of the consular service. Its functions are getting to be pretty well understood. I want to ask you gentlemen to help break down the prevalent misconception of the diplomatic service. Diplomacy and trade go hand in hand. Diplomacy negotiates commercial arrangements, provides for the protection of interests and trade, insures equality of opportunity; in short, maintains the conditions under which trade is possible."

"Foreign Governments' contracts for public works of every kind are a large item in commerce. It is evident that cordial relations between Governments and an opportunity of reciprocity contribute to business in this direction. Political, financial and commercial interests are more and more intertwined."

"Take the case of the loan in China. It is political in its bearing upon our treaty rights in connection with tariff reform in China, a thing essential to the flourishing of our commerce in that empire. Our participation in the loan assures the opportunity for manufacturers of this country to supply railway materials on a great scale."

"I cite this one instance as typical. In all such cases the brunt of the work is borne by the diplomatic service."

HER DOG AND HIS CAT.

It Is Said That the Dog Began It, but the Woman Won.

Mrs. Clara Boland of 164 West 16th street went shopping yesterday with her husband. In front of the small store of Rudolf Baum, at 205 Amsterdam avenue, her building was Mr. Baum's cat and she joyously to the street and cat ran into the store and jumped over the counter. The building followed, springing its good. Mr. Baum asked the dog on. Mr. Boland stood in the doorway and reproved him. She considered his replies improper and came back later with a diminutive horsewife. Baum drew what he saw was a small club and what Mrs. Boland was said at the dog and a policeman and had him locked up.

STRUTHERS' AUTO SMASHED.

Car of Banker Dashes Into a Stone Wall—Three Persons Injured.

FISHKILL LANDING, April 30.—An automobile left the road on a sharp curve on the Poughkeepsie road four miles north of Fishkill Landing late this afternoon and smashed into a stone wall. The driver of the car, Charles Powers, was badly cut and bruised and John Murphy, a sixteen-year-old boy who lives in Fishkill, was also bruised. Both were taken to the Highland Hospital at Matteawan. The third occupant of the car, another boy living at Cold Spring, was treated by an ambulance surgeon but was not badly hurt.

The automobile is owned by J. Walter Wood Struthers, a banker at 37 Wall street, whose home is at 13 West Sixteenth street. Mr. Struthers drove to Hyde Park yesterday to attend a wedding. He and his party returned to New York by train and Mr. Struthers told his chauffeur, Powers, to take the machine back to the city to-day. Powers picked up the two boys on the road.

The curve where the accident happened is a bad spot. Powers put on his brakes just as he approached it. The car swerved and vaulted from the road into the wall. The machine is a mass of junk. It was a high powered car in which Powers has been entered in several races.

ATTACKED LEOPOLD'S WIDOW.

Weird Story of a Woman Who Pointed a Pistol at the Baroness Vaughan.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

PARIS, April 30.—The Mafia to-day prints a rather startling story about an attempted hold up of the Baroness Vaughan, the widow of King Leopold of Belgium.

It says that although the incident has been hushed up by the authorities it has leaked out that while the Baroness was out driving on April 24 at Vallaugouard, near Pontoise, with her two children the road was suddenly barred by an automobile. A woman stood up in the machine and pointed a revolver at the Baroness, but did not pull the trigger because, as she explained afterward, the children were in the line of fire.

The Baroness was perfectly calm. She ordered the coachman to turn the horses and go on to the villa. It is stated that the woman in the automobile is a needy relative of the Baroness who has on several occasions vainly appealed to her for assistance.

MORE SUGAR FRAUD ARRESTS.

Weigher Harry T. Martin and James F. Johnson Added to the List.

There were two arrests in Brooklyn yesterday in connection with the sugar frauds. The prisoners are Harry T. Martin, an assistant United States weigher, of 1255 Seventy-ninth street, and James F. Johnson, of 95 Quincy street, a member of the firm of James F. Johnson & Co., engaged in the weighing of raw sugar and as such employed by the American Sugar Refining Company.

The arrests were made on warrants issued under indictments found by the Grand Jury in Manhattan charging the two men with conspiracy to defraud the Government by short weighing raw sugar brought from Java for the American Sugar Refining Company and the steamship Kish in 1908.

Johnson is also charged with having given Martin \$200 in November, 1908, as an inducement to make false returns regarding the weight of the sugar brought on the Kish.

Martin and Johnson were arraigned before United States Commissioner Morie in Brooklyn. They waived examination and were held under \$5,000 bail for removal to the United States court in Manhattan.

H. H. MEYERS ROBBED.

\$2,200 Taken From His Waistcoat in His Bedroom at a London Hotel.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, April 30.—H. H. Meyers, an American who is staying at a London hotel, was separated from a roll of \$3,200 by a thief last night. Mr. Meyers laid the key of his room in some way and the thief secured it and abstracted the money from the pocket of Mr. Meyers's waistcoat, which was hanging in his bedroom.

Mr. Meyers's key was missing from his book in the reception room of the hotel for several hours before the robbery. It was afterward replaced by the thief. The police have no clue to the robber and the bank notes stolen cannot be traced. Neither Mr. Meyers nor his wife heard a sound during the night.

MRS. JOHNSON WEDS AGAIN.

Get Reno Divorce on February 14—New Husband Is Frederick Gerke.

CHICAGO, April 30.—Divorced a little more than two months ago in Reno, Nev., from Dr. Waldo P. Johnson, wealthy grandson of Gail Borden, Mrs. Mary P. Johnson announced to-day her marriage on Friday at Crown Point, Ind., to Frederick Gerke, a mining engineer of Joplin, Mo., said to be many years her junior. She left Dr. Johnson's home January 1, 1909, and he was divorced from her in Elgin, Ill. Mrs. Johnson went to Reno and established a residence. Johnson went to Reno and they came home together apparently reconciled. Mrs. Johnson, however, returned to Reno and her divorce was granted on February 17.

Gerke was a guest in the Johnson home in Elgin the latter part of last year. Dr. Johnson and his former wife have three grown sons.

MISS REID CAMORRA VICTIM.

CLOTHING FOUND ON HER BODY NOT HER OWN.

Princess Rosapigliosi Says Her Trunks Were Riffled—Believes She Was Kidnapped—Naples Thinks But Does Not Say American Girl Was Murdered.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

ROME, April 30.—The Princess Rosapigliosi can figure out no explanation of the death of Miss Reid at Naples, except that she was murdered. She has received an anonymous letter saying this is the case. But apart from that there are many circumstances which seem impossible of explanation otherwise.

For instance the body when found was almost without clothing. That which was upon it, except the shoes and stockings, did not belong to the dead woman. The Princess examined Miss Reid's trunks, which she found to be filled with common, coarse clothes. The Princess is convinced that these clothes did not belong to Miss Reid. She feels sure that her cousin's clothes were stolen.

The Princess thinks that she had probably been kidnapped and starved. The doctors who made the postmortem examination said she had not eaten anything for forty-eight hours. Her knees were not bruised, but they were skinned as if she had been forced to kneel for a long time.

The correspondent of THE SUN had an interview to-day with the Princess Rosapigliosi, who is a cousin of Miss Reid. The Countess went to Naples to make necessary arrangements for the shipment of the body to the United States. Princess Rosapigliosi said that she identified the body as that of her cousin. She arranged to have the body embalmed and forwarded to New York.

The Princess said she was convinced that the death of her cousin was not due to suicide or accidental drowning, but was a case of murder. Estate, she said, kept a diary which she, the Princess, read through carefully. In this diary she recorded incidents of everyday life. She mentioned several hotels at which she had stayed in Naples.

The diary explained that she had left the Hotel Russie because she found her bedroom was not kept properly and she was therefore obliged to sleep elsewhere. The last entry in the diary was dated April 19, and the last words were "Unpleasant night." The previous day Estelle had written in the book that she was happy and loved Naples and the Neapolitans. She considered both very artistic and the latter particularly dainty. The Princess said Estelle was essentially an artist. She liked Bohemian life, but was a good, straight girl of irreproachable character. The only object of her life was art. She hadn't any love affair. The Princess expressed a strong wish to dry sensational and calumnious reports about her cousin, which she characterized as disgraceful. Unfortunately, she said, Estelle resided at cheap hotels, some of which were dirty; but this merely proved that she avoided the life of the ordinary American tourist.

EDWARD PAYS HIS TAXES.

Alexandra Too—King and Queen Anticipate Pleasant Bill.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, April 30.—King Edward did not wait until he had given his assent to the finance bill on Friday but paid his income tax in full at the rate of 14 pence in the pound beforehand.

The payment was an entirely voluntary act on the King's part, as it was on the Queen's, who was equally prompt, since there is no power to levy upon the Crown. For several years after the income tax was introduced the sovereign did not pay it, but Queen Victoria introduced the custom in order to share the people's burden.

King Edward, when the Treasury approached him after he came to the throne, decided to follow his mother's example. The tax officials rigorously guard as a secret the amount of the sovereign's private income.

BLOWUP ON BARREN ISLAND.

One Man Killed and Several Injured by Bursting Steam Pipe.

One man was killed, two are supposed to be fatally injured and ten were hurt by the bursting yesterday of a steam pipe in the plant of the New York Sanitary Utilization Company on Barren Island in Jamaica Bay. The dead man was Anthony Cardita, 21 years old. Cypran Lexington, 19 years old, and John Sorocco, 27, are believed to be hurt beyond recovery.

The explosion blew a hole forty or fifty feet in diameter in the concrete and steel roof of the building. Some of the injured were seriously scalded. They were taken in the police launch of Harbor Squad C to Canarsie and thence to hospitals.

GOING TO AID MADRID.

Steamer Venus, Held at New Orleans, Released by the Government.

NEW ORLEANS, April 30.—The United States Government through its local officers this afternoon released the steamer Venus from all restraint and gave the boat permission to leave for Nicaragua. Her alleged purpose is to reinforce the Madrid army now nearing Bluefields for attack.

This action followed that of agents of the Estrada provisional government who endeavored to have the vessel kept from sailing by Government orders.

The Venus carries a crew of forty men, although she is a comparatively small boat. Estrada sympathizers declare that she will pick up more men as she goes down the Mississippi River and will take them aboard to reinforce the Madrid cause. They also assert that the boat will be used as a gunboat for the Madrid government.

THE NIGHT COURT SNEEZES.

Some Numerous Persons Filled the Air With Snuff.

Snuffing snuffing snuff in the night court last night. The first sneeze came from the rear of the room. The wave moved up and finally reached the bridge. A line of policemen sneezed one after another as if they were answering to their names. The prisoner of the moment sneezed and the bridge policeman sneezed.

"If I find out who scattered this sneeze powder," said Magistrate Herbert, "I'll send him to the workhouse for at least thirty days." Open windows finally cleared the air.

\$50,000,000 JAPANESE LOAN.

Four Per Cent., Redeemable in 1920, to Be Issued Through the Rothschilds.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

PARIS, April 30.—The Japanese Government is issuing a \$50,000,000 4 per cent. loan through Rothschild Bros.

ALTON RAILROAD INDICTED.

Alleged to Have Given First Class Rides for Second Class Tickets.

KANSAS CITY, April 30.—The Federal Grand Jury this afternoon returned eight indictments against the Chicago and Alton Railroad, charging it with having sold second class tickets to Chicago and having allowed the purchasers all the privileges of a first class passenger.

Four offences are alleged to have been committed by the railroad company. On each offence two indictments were returned charging a violation of separate sections of the interstate commerce laws.

LITTLE GIRL KILLED BY AUTO.

John H. Ernst, Owner of the Car, Gave \$10,000 Bail.

Elise D'Este, the nine-year-old daughter of Charles D'Este, a book-binder living at 225 McDonough street, Brooklyn, was bouncing a rubber ball last night on the street near her home when she ran a few steps into the road to catch the ball. The touring car of John H. Ernst of 315 Park place was coming close to the curb. It struck her and she died within fifteen minutes.

Mr. Ernst had with him in the car his wife, his daughter Clara, Edward E. Haring of 347 Putnam avenue and Mrs. Haring. Mr. Ernst waited at the D'Este house until a policeman came to arrest him. He was released on \$10,000 bail.

NO DE FOREST ELOPEMENT.

Baroness at Her Husband's Home During Period Covered by Rumors.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, April 30.—Referring to rumors of an elopement of Baroness de Forest, attorneys for the Baron have issued the following statement: